MBEYA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



GUIDELINES ON SCHOLARLY PUBLISHING

AUGUST 2020

FOREWORD

Mbeya University of Science and Technology (MUST) has an obligation to contribute to the national social and economic development through training, research, consultancies and other allied services to the community. MUST is recognized as one of the most capable research institutions in Tanzania with relevant skills, requisite research and teaching facilities and the mandate to generate new knowledge through research. Despite its competent human and physical resources, MUST is confronted with a number of challenges that have to be overcome. One such challenges relates to access to and availability of funding to its various programmes. MUST is likely to continue to compete with other institutions for dwindling financial resources from the Government. Nevertheless, the University will continue to contend for its rightful meagre budgetary share for research. The second major challenge is to effectively utilise the available human and physical resources to optimize research impact at national and international level.

It is fundamental that MUST research contribution focuses on areas of national development priority in an effective manner. This task has to be performed in coordination with other stakeholders at national and regional level. The University will continue to be proactive in the process of defining national development objectives, direction and processes. By so doing, it is hoped that the University will significantly improve its research landscape and thereby play its role in ensuring that Tanzania keeps pace with the global revolution in knowledge production, exchange and utilization. Furthermore, the University will continue to retain its place as one of the most prestigious research institutions in Africa and an attractive site for research and development that provides enormous opportunities for researchers and innovators in science and technology. Henceforth, MUST will not only be a pace-setter in producing breakthrough knowledge, but also instrumental disseminating knowledge in new to the consumers/community, and provide training for the researchers of tomorrow.

Prof. Aloys Mvuma

Vice Chancellor

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

CI Citation Index

C-RP Coordinator of Research and Publications

DVC ARC Deputy Vice Chancellor Academic, Research and

Consultancy

MUST Mbeya University of Science and Technology

CET College of Engineering Technology

CoACT College of Architecture and Construction Technology

CoHBS College of Humanities and Business Studies

CoICT College of Information Communication and Technology

CoSTE College of Science and Technical Education

IF Impact Factor

ISI Institute for Scientific Information
ISSN International Standard Serial Number

JCR Journal Citation Reports

MUST Mbeya University of Science and Technology

PhD Doctor of Philosophy SCI Science Citation Index

SSCI Social Science Citation Index

ToR Terms of Reference

DEFINITION OF KEY TERMS AND CONCEPTS

(a) Credible Journals

Credible journal is a journal assessed based on key factors: indexed; publishing history, peer-reviewed and impact factor.

(b) Local Journals

A journal is considered local if it publishes only case studies of a limited area of study. Local journals are sometimes called national journals based on the level of circulation and composition of the editorial board.

(c) International Journals

International journal is a journal that has contributors specific to a single country but has been subscribed and circulated to different nations with different composition of editorial board.

(d) Peer Reviewed Journals

Peer reviewed Journal is the journal evaluated by one or more scholarly people of similar competence to the producers of the work (peers). It constitutes a form of self-regulation by qualified members of a profession within the relevant field.

(e) Referred Journals

Referred journals are journals from which many references are drawn on related articles published by other journals with outstanding citation indices.

(f) Recognized Journals

Recognized Journals refers to acknowledged journals by international academicians, approving its mission as expected by the international standards.

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1.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION OF THE UNIVERSITY

1.1 Introduction

The history of Mbeya University of Science and Technology (MUST) dates back from 1986 when Mbeya Technical College (MTC) was established by the Government of Tanzania for the purpose of training Full Technicians at Certificate Level (FTC) under the Russia - Tanzania Training Support. The College existed up to mid-2005 offering programmes in the fields of Architecture, Electrical Engineering, Civil Engineering and Mechanical Engineering. In July 2005, MTC was transformed into a multi-disciplinary Mbeya Institute of Science and Technology (MIST) through the National Council for Technical Education (Mbeya Institute of Science and Technology) Establishment Order, 2004.

The transformation was a Government move towards strengthening the College to become a fully-fledged University. Mbeya Institute of Science and Technology registered a number of achievements including restructuring of FTC programmes to Ordinary Diploma programmes and introduction of Undergraduate Degree programmes which eventually lead to expansion of students' enrolment. Following these achievements, on 29th March 2012 after being issued with a Provisional Licence by Tanzania Commission for Universities (TCU), the Institute was transformed to a fully-fledged University namely Mbeya University of Science and Technology (MUST). The University was granted Mbeya University of Science and Technology Charter, 2013 on 20th August 2013.

MUST is endeavouring to lead in science and technology, become a centre of excellence for academics, research and consultancy and puts itself in a position where research results are meant for improving livelihood in the society. In order to develop professional skills in Science, Engineering and Social Sciences in related fields, MUST has to go hand in hand with research, consultancy and credible publications.

1.2 Current Situation

The following is the current situation at MUST as regards Scholarly Publications:

- (a) Low quality of journal articles being submitted for promotion at MUST;
- (b) Lack of rational methodology to be used in scrutinizing journals, proceedings, bulletins, book series, etc. of high quality and therefore worth publishing by our staff;
- (c) The missing boundaries between 'local' and 'international' scholarly publications and describe what 'peer reviewed', 'referred' and 'recognized' publications entails; and
- (d) No established list of journals which are recommendable for publication by MUST staff.

However, further stakeholders' consultations were required to identify preferences of quality journals in which members of staff at MUST wish to publish their papers.

1.3 MUST Vision

The Vision of Mbeya University of Science and Technology is to become the leading centre of excellence for knowledge, skills and applied education in science and technology.

1.4 MUST Mission

The Mission of Mbeya University of Science and Technology is to develop academically, technologically and socially competent students, staff and other stakeholders who will be responsive to the broader needs and challenges of the society specified by:

- (a) Facilitating appropriate tuition, practical training and support according to the needs of students and other customers;
- (b) Encouraging staff commitment to quality education and services including research, consultancy and innovation;
- (c) Fostering lifelong learning, honesty and responsibility;
- (d) Promoting an environment conducive to human development;

(e) Promoting effective entrepreneurship and usage of appropriate technology that meet national and international needs and standards through skills and practical oriented training, research and consultancy.

1.5 Situation Analysis

Research plays a crucial role in science, technology and socio-economic development of any society. It leads to the improvement of the quality of people's lives such as increasing life expectancy, enhancing agricultural productivity in critical productive sectors of the economy for improved livelihoods and food security. Moreover, it can also lead to developing technologies that would improve people's lives. The contribution of research in development is inevitable. At the institutional level, research can bring about product innovations and improvement, improved performance in product marketing and increased service efficiency and effectiveness. It is apparent that well-targeted and good quality research which addresses societal challenges is needed to inform policy and decision-making processes for sustainable development.

Currently, there are no guidelines for scholarly publishing in place that could take care of information dissemination of research and consultancy activities in acceptable journals at national and international level. These Guidelines are therefore intended to fill the information dissemination gap that existed before so as to equip academicians with publication competency skills. The Guidelines detail the courses of actions that the University has decided to take on all matters related to dissemination of research and consultancy activities by establishing MUST Guidelines for Scholarly Publications. These Guidelines set strategies in each College and Department which will stimulate research and consultancy activities by attracting academic staff to publish in credible and acceptable journals.

MUST growth in terms of teaching, research, consultancy and Scholarly Publishing is of paramount importance. Most of its policies for research, staff promotion and staff development are those which were customized and adopted from the existing Research and Publications Policy (2014) and Guidelines for the Assessment of Academic Staff Performance (2014). Currently, MUST academic staff members are involved in research and consultancy activities in various fields. Due to the increasing opportunity for research and consultancies among MUST academic staff members, there is a need to disseminate the findings of these initiatives in scholarly journals. Publication is one of the most important aspects for academic development. Promotion from one level in the academic hierarchy depends to a large extent on the number and quality of publications. However, not every publication can be suitable for promotion; but scholarly publications are preferred.

1.6 Rationale for Guidelines on Scholarly Publishing

There has been a mushrooming of online and local journals all over the world. Within the country, various institutes, universities and colleges have established their own journals for local authorship. These journals accept manuscripts from neighbouring institutions including MUST. However, the quality of some of these journals is questionable. Some of the emerging institutions' journals comprise of local junior members of editorial board who lack experience and credibility. It is in the view of this observation that, MUST is establishing Guidelines on Scholarly Publications.

Worldwide, there are numerous online/open access journals which publish papers at a low cost. Many of them have convincing names such as "International," "Universal," Academic" etc. These names attract some authors to send manuscripts for publication. However, a close scrutiny reveals that some of them are of poor quality in terms of editorial boards and content of published articles. In order to ensure that MUST academic staff members publish in scholarly journals that meet international standards, it is therefore inevitable to develop a guiding document.

1.7 Relevance of Scholarly Publishing Guidelines

The United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs(9)) aims to build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization

and foster innovation by enhancing scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in developing countries in particular. Accordingly, Tanzania Development Vision 2025 put forward that science and technology education and awareness of its applications for promoting and enhancing productivity should permeate the whole society through continuous learning and publicity campaigns.

As a result, research priorities for Tanzania (2015-2020) articulate that research and development (R&D) activities are necessary in order to inform, lead and guide all that needs to be done to achieve the desired transformation of the socio-economic status of a nation. Moreover, research agenda contributes in transformation of Tanzania from being an agrarian society to become an industrial and manufacturing society (COSTECH, 2016). Thus, MUST Guidelines on Scholarly Publishing aims to facilitate basic and applied research to generate new knowledge and solutions to the challenges encountered by various sectors.

However, MUST lacks a tool for guiding its staff members how to access and select credible publishers of scientific research results and consultancies. These Guidelines are therefore a relevant vehicle for promoting MUST profile through publication of research findings and consultancies in credible journals. Through this, it is hoped that MUST will produce and disseminate innovative, cutting-edge and forward-looking research outputs that are globally relevant to provide users a better understanding of existing and emerging local and international issues in applied education in science and technology.

2.0 INFORMATION ON GUIDELINES FOR SCHOLARLY PUBLISHING

2.1 Introduction

This part presents the vision, mission, goal, objectives, philosophy and scope of Guidelines on Scholarly Publishing.

2.2 Vision for Scholarly Publishing

To be a University with a strong, dynamic, resilient and competitive research outputs both knowledge based and innovation driven.

2.3 Mission for Scholarly Publishing

To develop and publish research findings in scholarly and credible journals that will increase the outcome and efficiency of research and development (R&D) of academicians, students, researchers and society.

2.4 Goal of Scholarly Publishing

The goal of the scholarly publishing is to enhance sustainable socioeconomic development of the University and the Country at large through R&D.

2.5 The Objective of Scholarly Publishing

2.5.1 The Main Objective

The main objective of this document is to guide scholarly publications in journals, bulletins, proceedings, book chapters and books.

2.5.2 Specific Objectives of Scholarly Publishing

- (a) Facilitate basic and applied research activities;
- (b) Produce an inclusive and comprehensive guidelines to research stakeholders;
- (c) Align the research, development and publication efforts with the MUST Research Agenda;
- (d) Improve the effectiveness of research, development and publication in the University by setting realistic targets for promotion;
- (e) Guide the selection of credible journals for publication;

- (f) Create the platform for shaping the direction of research, development and publication, and therefore enhancing its contribution to the National science, technology and economic development; and
- (g) Promote the culture among research stakeholders of conducting demand-driven research that address issues of national socioeconomic importance.

2.6 Philosophy of Scholarly Publications

The research philosophy accepts research concepts which are relevant, credible and support actions.

2.7 Scope of Scholarly Publishing

The scope of Scholarly Publishing is to guide academic staff, students and research partners for executing research activities in particular interest, relevance and in line with MUST guidelines.

3.0 PROCEDURES FOR GUIDELINES ON SCHOLARLY PUBLISHING

3.1 Procedures for Establishing the Guidelines

The following procedures were employed in developing the Guidelines for Scholarly Publications:

- (a) To appraise the current status of publishing at MUST in light of identifying strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and challenges therein;
- (b) To establish a rational methodology to be used in scrutinizing journals, proceedings, bulletins, book series, etc. of high quality and therefore worth publishing by our staff;
- (c) To iron out basic gate-keeping attributes that constitute credible publications/publishers;
- (d) To set boundaries between 'local' and 'international' scholarly publications and describe what 'peer-reviewed', 'referred' and 'recognized' publications entails;
- (e) To compare and contrast the quality and credibility of a sample of publications whose publishers demand 'handling fees' to those which are published free of charge;
- (f) To scrutinize from the stakeholder-proposed list of the journals which academic members of staff wish to publish in order to establish and recommend a shorter list of credible ones to be considered during promotion. Additional/alternative titles of journals that, according to your survey, are considered credible may be proposed and added to the list; and
- (g) To recommend any other relevant aspect that would improve the quality of scholarly publications at MUST.

3.2 METHODOLOGY

Three main approaches were used to gather information and data required to address the Terms of Reference for this assignment. These are highlighted

as follows: Departmental meetings, interview to stakeholders and review of relevant documents.

3.2.1 Departmental Meetings

Departmental meetings were held, first to brainstorm and come to a common understanding regarding the nature and requirements of the assignment at hand, particularly the terms of reference. Also, the overall meeting was held by way of retreat session to synthesize issues emerging from the review of documents and discussions with various stakeholders.

3.2.2 Interview to Stakeholders

An interview was held with the MUST academic staff members in respective Academic Departments to have their opinions about the required standards and qualities of journals, bulletins, proceedings, chapters in books and books worth publishing by MUST staff. The interview questions were mainly focused on the stakeholders' opinions about the attributes of quality publications and the current status of research and publication at MUST. They were also asked to analyze the strength and weaknesses of the research and publication at the College level. Their responses based on strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and challenges are presented in the SWOC analysis table below:

STRENGTHS

- 1. The Research Policy is in place.
- 2. Availability of University seed funds for internal calls for research.
- 3. Continuity of yearly internal calls for research proposals for competition.
- 4. Guidelines for handling internal research calls are in place.
- 5. University funds for production of the journal.
- 6. Existence of registered MUST Journal.
- 7. Existence of the MUST Journal website.
- 8. Existence of the Colleges' and

WEAKNESSES

- 1. Poor research and publication profile.
- 2. Poor research and publication skills.
- 3. Lack of research and publication culture.
- 4. Absence of scholarly guidelines on research and publications at MUST.
- 5. Overemphasis of teaching and consultancies than research.
- 6. Lack of research skills.
- 7. Lack of Experiment facilities.

- Departmental Units responsible for research.
- 9. The University Rolling Strategic Plan is in place.

OPPORTUNITIES

- 1. Experienced and supportive Senior Academicians.
- 2. Young, energetic and trainable staff.
- 3. Presence of many fields which enhances multi-disciplinary research works and publications.
- 4. Many world research funding institutions.
- 5. Establishment of MoUs with senior universities for collaboration.

CHALLENGES

- 1. Budgetary constraints due to meagre Government subversions.
- 2. Lack of research skills.
- 3. Lack of national research and publication accreditation body.
- 4. Existence of many substandard online journals.
- 5. Presence of journals which demand "handling-fees" hence a possibility to compromise quality.

3.2.3 Review of Various Relevant Documents

Several documents were reviewed in keeping abreast with the context of quality publications at MUST. Documents reviewed included other universities' criteria for promotions, criteria for evaluation of the quality of the journal, chapters in books, books and bulletin and rational methodology of scrutinizing them, etc. Guidelines for judging journal qualities for academic staff's promotion from the University of Dar es Salaam were also reviewed. Generally, the Team reviewed documents from local and international institutions.

4.0 SCHOLARLY PUBLICATIONS

This part presents the meaning of essence, credible, local and international, peer reviewed and referred journals.

4.1 Essence

The outputs of quality researches are quality scholarly publications in reputable/credible journals with a national or international outlook. With regard to this aspect, these Guidelines provide some insights on different aspects of scholarly publications.

4.2 Credible Journals

Credibility exists only when you make an evaluation of a person, object, or piece of information. Certain qualities exist to help lay the basis for a journal to be considered credible. Credibility has something to do with believability of the journal in question in terms of content, format, quality and the composition of editorial board. In its simplest form, credibility is the persuasive nature of the medium/journal. Thus, if a journal is believable it is also considered credible. There are two key elements that contribute to credibility evaluation, namely: trustworthiness and Trustworthiness is defined in terms of well-intentioned and unbiased, and expertise in terms of perceived knowledge, skill and experience. According to this context, a high level of credibility incorporates both a high level of trustworthiness and expertise. Hence, a journal cannot be considered credible if it does not entail both of these concepts.

4.3 Local Vs International Journals

A journal is considered local if it publishes only case studies of a limited area of study. Local journals are sometimes called national journals based on the level of circulation and composition of the editorial board. Even if an article was developed or written by an author from a different country than the origin of the journal, it would be recognized as a national journal if it is circulated within the boundaries of origin. But, even if a journal has contributors specific to a single country but has been subscribed and circulated to different nations with different composition of editorial board

then it can be termed as an international journal. In this regard the word 'international' has nothing to do with geographical boundaries but standing of a specific publication at an international stage in terms of quality and citation counts and inclusion in established international journal databases. In between the local/national and international journals there may be regional journals in which case authors from certain region of the world prefer to publish their work in that particular journal.

4.4 Peer Reviewed Journals

Peer review is the evaluation of work by one or more scholarly people of similar competence to the producers of the work (peers). It constitutes a form of self-regulation by qualified members of a profession within the relevant field. Peer review methods are employed to maintain standards of quality, improve performance and provide credible publications. In academia, peer review is often used to determine the paper's suitability for publication. Referred materials are publications reviewed by "expert readers" or referees prior to the publication of the material. After reading and evaluating the material, the Referee informs the publisher if the document should be published or if any changes should be made prior to publication. Referred materials are also referred to as Peer Reviewed.

4.5 Referred Journals

Referred journals are journals from which many references are drawn on related articles published by other journals. As a result, referred journals have outstanding citation indices. This implies that referred journals are credible and recognized by many scholars publishing in that particular field and that is why they are frequently cited by many scholars working in related fields of expatriates with more restricted guidelines.

4.6 Recognized Journals

Two main levels of recognized journals are relevant with regard to these Guidelines namely; institutionally/nationally recognized journals and internationally recognized journals. For the purpose of this document, the two levels will be dealt with in details with specific recommendations for

each level in question. However, for a journal to be recognized whether at institutional or international level it must be acknowledged by international academicians, approving its mission as expected by the international standards. It is an appealing journal which has come up with its integrity as a journal.

4.6.1 Attributes for Credible or Recognized Journals

For a journal to be recognized or to be credible, there are gate-keeping attributes and ranking attributes.

(a) Gate-keeping Attributes

The following are the minimum gate-keeping criteria for a journal to be recognized or credible hence worth publishing by MUST staff:

(b) Composition of the Editorial Boards/Advisory Boards

The editorial boards/advisory boards should be composed of senior academicians and experienced professionals holding key positions in their respective disciplines, preferably with some originating from different institutions and countries. Furthermore, roles of individual board members in managing the journal should be spelt out. These board members should possess a reputable research and publication profile and must be available (one can trace them and communicate with them).

(c) Circulation of Journals

The journal should be widely circulated and appear in the list of databases of journal publishers. Further, they should have their contents and abstracts available online.

(d) Frequency of Publications

The journal should be regularly published and should adhere to publication dates as stipulated in their editorial/publication policies. Regular and timely appearance of the journal is a mandatory; yet, the time should be reasonable.

(e) Clarity in Reviewing Processes

The journal should be Peer Reviewed at least by two 'blind' reviewers and the manuscript reviewing procedures should be clearly articulated to authors in journal editorial policies. The date of receipt, acceptance and publication of an article should be clearly shown in the front page.

(f) Clarity and Adequacy of Instructions to the Authors

The information to contributors/authors regarding manuscript preparation, submission and their rights to their articles should be adequate and precise.

(g) Authorship Affiliation

Information on author's affiliation and contact information of corresponding authors including their e-mail and physical addresses have to be provided to encourage communication.

(h) Type of Authorship

Journals should encourage papers that are multi-disciplinary in terms of authorship. These tend to be richer in insight and wider in relevance.

(i) Subscription Rate of Journals

The journals should provide subscribers with rates for various geographical areas as well as instructions on policies for acquiring missed volumes and back issues.

(j) Having an ISSN Number

All established serial publications normally have an International Standard Serial Number (ISSN/ISBN). Obtaining an ISSN/ISBN is done by application to the ISSN/ISBN National Centre in the country (e.g. Tanganyika Library Services) in which the particular publication is published. ISSN is for journals and ISBN is for books.

(k) Website Content and Status

The Journal should be available online and the website should be regularly updated and provide adequate information to both customers and authors.

4.6.2 Ranking Criteria

In addition to the minimum gate-keeping attributes outlined above, there are other attributes that are commonly used in ranking of journal publications especially at an international level. These attributes include the following:

(a) Citation Index

A citation index is a kind of bibliographic database, an index of citations between publications, allowing the user to easily establish which later documents cite which earlier documents. This was introduced by the Institute for Scientific Information (ISI) for papers published in academic journals, first as the Science Citation Index (SCI), and later as the Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI) and the Arts and Humanities Citation Index (AHCI). In citation counts, judgments are made on the basis of the number of times in which an average article in a journal is cited by authors of articles in related journals. To measure the total number of citations of any journal (not just those for ISI-indexed journal), Google scholar [http://scholar.google.com/] can be used as a source of such citations for MUST scholarly publications.

(b) Coverage in International Database

Coverage of a journal in a reputable international database can be regarded as some indicator of international quality. Regular indexing in such a database is certainly likely to increase the visibility and thus the impact of articles published in a journal. The stringent criteria used by ISI for journal selection have already been referred to, and the standing of a journal included in the ISI indexes is itself a form of quality assurance at an international level.

(c) Publication of Abstracts

Journals should endeavour multi-lingual abstraction of journal papers in order to reach readership in other languages. This means any journal published in any other language other than English should have abstracts in English language. Exceptions may be to language journals e.g. *Kiswahili*

Journal and Journal of English Language, etc. which have their levels of specificity.

(d) Impact Factor

The impact factor (IF) of an academic journal is a measure reflecting the average number of citations to recent articles published in the journal. It is frequently used as a proxy for the relative importance of a journal within its field, with journals with higher impact factors deemed to be more important than those with lower ones. The impact factor was devised by the Institute for Scientific Information. Impact factors are calculated yearly starting from 1975 for those journals that are indexed in the Journal Citation Reports. In any given year, the impact factor of a journal is the average number of citations received per paper published in that journal during the two preceding years. For example, if a journal has an impact factor of 3 in 2020, then its papers published in 2018 and 2019 received 3 citations each on average in 2008. The 2008 impact factor of a journal would be calculated as follows:

A = the number of times that articles published in that journal in 2018 and 2019, were cited by articles in indexed journals during 2020.

B = the total number of "citable items" published by that journal in 2018 and 2019. ("Citable items" are usually articles, reviews, proceedings, or notes; not editorials or letters to the editor.)

2020 impact factor = A/B.

(Note that 2020 impact factors are actually published in 2021; they cannot be calculated until all of the 2020 publications have been processed by the indexing agency.)

New journals, which are indexed from their first published issue, will receive an impact factor after two years of indexing; in this case, the citations to the year prior to Volume 1, and the number of articles published in the year prior to Volume 1 are known zero values. Journals that are indexed starting with a volume other than the first volume will not get an impact factor until

they have been indexed for three years. Annuals and other irregular publications sometimes publish no items in a particular year, affecting the count. The impact factor relates to a specific time period; it is possible to calculate it for any desired period and the Journal Citation Reports (JCR) also includes a five-year impact factor. The JCR shows rankings of journals by impact factor, if desired by discipline, such as organic chemistry or psychiatry. The impact factor is used to compare different journals within a certain field.

The impact factors which ISI calculates for journals in the science and social sciences are widely quoted as measures of the quality of those journals and by extension, of the articles which they publish.

Generally, these guidelines will be the ones used in the following scrutiny. It should be noted however that a journal can lack one or two of the gate keeping criteria and remain to be credible and recognized journal. It is suggested in this guideline that in order for a journal to be credible, it has to meet most of the gate keeping criteria. It should also be considered that most of these criteria apply to book series, bulletin, proceedings and other scholarly publications except that some specific criteria which are strictly to journals may not apply to books, bulletins and proceedings. These includes availability in web based database, impact factor, level of circulation and subscription, submissions and clarity of instructions to authors and review process. Books, bulletins and proceedings may be assessed by using such criteria like possession of ISBN number, peer review, reviewers' publication profile and academic qualification, publishing organization/institution, qualification and expertise of the author and others of the like.

4.7 Rational Method of Scrutinizing Scholarly Publications

The following are rational methods of scrutinizing various types of scholarly publications of high quality and therefore worth publishing by MUST staff:

4.7.1 Journals

Should meet the attributes mentioned in 4.6.1.

4.7.2 Conference Proceedings

Conference proceeding of high quality and therefore worth publishing by MUST staff should:

- (a) Be of academic conference
- (b) Be peer reviewed
- (c) Be published by a recognized publisher
- (d) Have ISSN number
- (e) Be a scholarly publication

4.7.3 Chapters in Books

Chapters in books of high quality and therefore worth publishing by MUST staff should:

- (a) Be peer reviewed
- (b) Be a scholarly publication
- (c) Bear ISBN number
- (d) Be edited by a credible scholar

4.7.4 Books

Books of high quality and therefore worth publishing by MUST staff should:

- (a) Be peer reviewed
- (b) Be a scholarly publication
- (c) Bear ISBN number

4.7.5 Bulletins

Bulletin of high quality and therefore worth publishing by MUST staff should:

- (a) Be peer reviewed
- (b) Have a frequency of its publication known
- (c) Have high circulation
- (d) Be a scholarly publication
- (e) Bear ISSN number
- (f) Be published by a credible institution

4.7.6 Research Report

A research report of high quality and therefore worth publishing by MUST staff should:

- (a) Adhere to the MUST Research Policy and Operational Procedures
- (b) Be peer reviewed
- (c) Be a scholarly publication
- (d) Focus on a particular field of study
- (e) Have contribution to knowledge
- (f) Be original work

4.7.7 Consultancy Report

Consultancy report of high quality and therefore worth publishing by MUST staff should:

- (a) Be registered to the office responsible for consultancy
- (b) Be a consultancy for an accredited institution
- (c) Adhere to the MUST Consultancy Policy and Operational Procedures
- (d) Be peer reviewed

4.8 Publications with 'Handling Fees VS Free of Charge

In the journals which demand a handling fee, the article is submitted to the publisher and after the article has passed 'peer review,' if any, and considered for publication, the author is asked to pay some amount in order for his/her article to be published. If the author fails to pay the required fee the article will not be published.

In the scrutiny, it is revealed that most of the journals whose publishers demand 'handling fee' (except for those which demand fees for production of colour graphics) are not worth publishing by MUST staff. Most of them have been established by scammers in order to get money from people who are eager to publish. Such journals do not reject articles regardless how weak the articles are. This has made it very difficult to reveal which journals whose publishers require 'handling fee' with good intention and those

published by scammers. Due to this, these guidelines proposes that MUST staff should prefer to publish in the journals which are published free of charge. If at all there is any serious need to publish in credible online journals that charge 'handling fee,' then a careful scrutiny has to be done by the author before submitting the article and should be able to present credible Reviewer's comments which will be given as evidence, in case of promotion. The office of the Coordinator of Research and Publications (C-RP) may be consulted for verification of the status of the journal.

5.0 SHORTLISTS OF JOURNALS

After a careful review of the journals which were submitted from various departments, the Team noted that some of them are journals which are published within Tanzania while others are published outside Tanzania. Some are online journals and some are journals owned by academic institutions and those owned by professional societies, publishing companies and even individuals. Moreover, there are journals which are published annually, semi-annually and so on.

Furthermore, it was revealed that some online journals charge authors 'handling fee' while others publish articles free of charge. Not only that, but it was also revealed that some proposed journals were scholarly while others were just 'newspapers' with the intention to equip readers with knowledge related to particular field of study. Others are just 'forums' for scholars of a particular field of study to present their findings and discuss among themselves. These findings are not scholarly written but appear in report form. Generally, the scrutiny revealed that some journals are worth publishing by MUST staff while others are not.

Most of online journals were seen to be not worth publishing by MUST staff. This is because some of them are not scholarly but rather forums for professional discussions and presentations, others are counterfeit copying the names of credible journals and put slight changes and also others do not exist anymore (i.e. their publishers have stopped publishing them). Moreover, some journals have editorial boards which include members who are junior academically and who have no convincing publication profile; others even have "imaginary" members of editorial boards who do not even exist and others have members of editorial boards who do not recognize the journals. The editorial boards of such journals include names of well-known scholars with excellent research and publication profile while such scholars are not even aware of the existence of such journals. Also, other journals do not involve peer review and therefore not worth publishing by MUST staff.

Shortlisted glossary emanating from MUST academic units are attached as Appendix 2 for reference.

6.0 THE IMPORTANCE OF SCHOLARLY GUIDELINES

6.1 PROMOTION OF ACADEMIC STAFF

These Guidelines set out criteria to be used while judging the credibility of any kind of publication for MUST staff. The Guidelines will be useful during processing of promotion of academic members of staff based on publication criteria. Authors should keep record of all the editorial comments given by peer-reviewers and the responses given thereof. Also, manuscripts should be subjected to Anti-plagiarism software checkups and reports be kept in case they are required in the course of scrutinizing published works for promotion purposes. Such information may be required during scrutiny of promotion-worthy publications. These Guidelines will take effect once approved by MUST Senate. However, publications made prior to approval of these Guidelines will be subjected to a thorough quality scrutiny before being recommended for academic staff promotion.

6.2 ENHANCING SCHOLARLY PUBLICATIONS

The following are ways for improving the status of research and publications at MUST:

- (a) Conducting training, workshops or seminars on research and publication at the University as well as at College level. Since, most of the College members are young academicians who are not aware of several issues related to research and publication, there is a need to familiarize them with those issues. These may include skills on how to write a scholarly article, a conference proceeding, a book review, a book chapter as well as a book. Also, academic members of staff need to be trained on issues related to plagiarism and their impacts to individual's academic wellbeing.
- (b) Setting a reasonable budget for research and publications at College level which will accelerate the rate of research and publication at MUST. The budget should also cover staff attendance in local and international conferences, symposiums and workshops in which issues related to research are presented,

- discussed and published. Together with this, the University has identified some research themes/research agenda of which academic members of staff may research. This has identified the priorities and areas of specialization of the Colleges and the University at a large.
- (c) The office of the Coordinator of Postgraduate Studies and Research should find a means of encouraging staff to publish and always guide them on such issues. The office should also find more links with research institutions which would offer funds for research and publication. It should also find some links with international journals so that members of staff can publish with them. One way to facilitate this is the establishment of exchange programmes to support collaboration in research, for example exchange of faculty personnel e.g. visiting lecturers from other universities can be used as a starting point for research collaboration.
- (d) The MUST Management and the office of DPSRP should ensure that more journals are established. At least three journals should be established so that each College can have its own journal i.e. Journal of CoACT, Journal of CET, Journal of CoHBS, Journal of Co-ICT and Journal of CoSTE and the existing Journal of MUST Research and Development. This initiative should continue until when the College will have departmental journals. The peer-review process should be reviewed to improve efficiency.
- (e) The University should find a means of encouraging collaboration among its staff so as to exchange expertise and experience in research and publication. Multidisciplinary research and publications should be encouraged.
- (f) Academic members of staff who intend to publish in open on-line journals which charge 'handling fee' and online journals in general should first of all do a careful scrutiny of the journals before they can submit articles for publication. They may also

consult the office responsible for research and publications at the College before they submit the article or pay the said fee.

7.0 REVIEW AND AMMENDMENTS OF GUIDELINES ON SCHOLARLY PUBLISHING

The Guidelines and the criteria herein should be reviewed regularly to ensure that they match with the ever changing and growing academic culture in the world. Since not all journals in the world have been scrutinized in these Guidelines due to the fact that new journals emerge every day, the stated minimum gate-keeping criteria herein should be used to assess the credibility of all other journals which will be included in the list on annual basis. Therefore, the list of credible journals may be reviewed on yearly basis while the guidelines should be reviewed after three years of being under operation as new knowledge emerges or as deemed necessary.

8.0 BIBLIOGRAPHY

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9.0 LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Appendix 1: Structured Questionnaire to Solicit Stakeholders' Views on

Scholarly Publications

Appendix 2: List of Credible Journals

APPENDIX 1: STRUCTURED QUESTIONNAIRE TO SOLICIT STAKEHOLDERS' VIEWS ON SCHOLARLY PUBLICATIONS

Introduction

The Mbeya University of Science and Technology (MUST) is in the process of establishing guidelines for scholarly publications for its academic staff. These guidelines will help to gauge the credibility of the journals and thereby encourage its academic staff to publish in such journals. As one of the stakeholder in this exercise, your views are highly valued and appreciated. Please, give us your views/opinions on the following aspects;

1.	Assess the current status of scholarly publications at MUST.		
	Status		
	Strengths		
	Weaknesses		
	The way forward		
2.	Briefly give your understanding on the following terminologies as used in scholarly		
	publications		
	i) Local journal		
	ii) International Journal		
	iii) Referred Journal		
	iv) Peer Reviewed Journal		
	v) Recognized Journal		
3.	In your opinions, what are the key criteria that should be used by MUST in deciding		
	whether a journal is credible or not		
4.	What are your views on journals that require someone to pay some amount of money		
	before he/she can publish an article?		
5.	Which journals would you encourage or discourage MUST academic staff to publish		
	their articles?		

APPENDIX 2: LIST OF CREDIBLE JOURNALS

1.0 COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE AND CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY

- 1.1 Department of Architecture and Arts Design
- 1. International Journal of Conservation Science 2067-533x
- 2. A + U-Architecture and Urbanism 0389-9160
- 3. Ace-Architecture City and Environment 1886-4805
- 4. Acoustical Physics 10637710
- 5. Acoustical Science and Technology 13463969
- 6. Acoustics Australia 18392571
- 7. Acoustics Bulletin 0308437X
- 8. Advanced Modeling and Simulation in Engineering Sciences –
- 9. Advances In Building Energy Research 1751-2549
- 10. Advances in Building Energy Research–17512549
- 11. Advances in Concrete Construction 22875301
- 12. Advances in Plant Sciences 9703586
- 13. African Journal of Science, Technology, Innovation and Development 20421338
- 14. American Journal of Botany–29122
- 15. American Journal of Civil Engineering and Architecture ISSN (Online): 2328-3998
- 16. Analytics and City Science 2399-8083
- 17. Applied Ergonomics 0003-6870
- 18. Applied Spatial Analysis and Policy 1874463X
- 19. Archipel 448613
- 20. Archistor-Architecture History Restoration 2384-8898
- 21. Architectural Design 38504
- 22. Architectural Engineering and Design Management
- 23. Architectural Engineering and Design Management ISSN:2472-0437
- 24. Architectural Engineering and Design Management 17452007
- 25. Architectural Heritage -1350-7524
- 26. Architectural Histories 2050-5833
- 27. Architectural History 0066622X
- 28. Architectural Record 0003858X
- 29. Architectural Research Quarterly 13591355
- 30. Architectural Review 0003861X
- 31. Architectural Science Review 0003-8628
- 32. Architectural Science Review 38628
- 33. Architectural Theory Review 1326-4826
- 34. Architecture and Culture 2050-7828
- 35. Architecture Civil Engineering Environment- 1899-0142
- 36. Architecture South Africa- 1682-9387
- 37. Architecture, City and Environment–18877052
- 38. Architektura a Urbanizmus
- 39. Archives of Acoustics
- 40. Archives Of Environmental & Occupational Health 1933-8244
- 41. Archnet-IJAR
- 42. Archnet-Ijar International Journal of Architectural Research 1938-7806
- 43. Arqueologia de la Arquitectura

- 44. Art Journal 43249
- 45. ASHRAE Journal 12491
- 46. AT Journal
- 47. Athens Journal of Architecture
- 48. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology 3405443
- 49. Behavioral Ecology–10452249
- 50. Biodiversity and Conservation–9603115
- 51. Building Acoustics 1351-010x
- 52. Building And Environment 0360-1323
- 53. Building Engineer 0969-8213
- 54. Building Research And Information 0961-3218
- 55. Building Services Engineering Research & Technology 0143-6244
- 56. Building Simulation 1996-3599
- 57. Building Simulation Applications 2531-6702
- 58. Buildings 2075-5309
- 59. Buildings & Landscapes 19360886
- 60. Buildings & Landscapes Journal Of The Vernacular Architecture Forum-
- 61. Built Environment 2637960
- 62. Built Environment Project and Asset Management 2044-124x
- 63. Case Studies in Construction Materials–22145095
- 64. Change Over Time-An International Journal of Conservation and the Built Environment
- 65. City and Community 15356841
- 66. City, Culture and Society 18779166
- 67. Computer-Aided Design and Applications 16864360
- 68. Conservation & Society 9724923
- 69. Conservation Science in Cultural Heritage 1974-4951
- 70. Conservation Science in Cultural Heritage 19739494
- 71. Construction and Building Materials 0950-0618
- 72. Construction Economics And Building 1835-6354
- 73. Construction History 2677768
- 74. Construction Innovation 14714175
- 75. Construction Innovation-England 1471-4175
- 76. Construction Management and Economics- 0144-6193
- 77. Constructive Approximation 1764276
- 78. CTBUH Journal
- 79. Cultural Dynamics 9213740
- 80. Culture, Theory and Critique–14735784
- 81. Dearg-Revista De Arquitectura Journal of Architecture 2011-3188-
- 82. Design Studies
- 83. Earthquake and Structures 20927614
- 84. Earthquake Engineering and Engineering Vibration 16713664
- 85. Ecology, Environment and Conservation 0971765X
- 86. Energy and Buildings 3787788
- 87. Energy and Environment 0958305X
- 88. Energy Efficiency 1570646X
- 89. Engineering, Construction and Architectural Management ISSN: 2165-784X

- 90. Engineering, Construction and Architectural Management- 0969-9988
- 91. Environment and Ecology 9700420
- 92. Environment and Planning A 0308518X
- 93. Environment And Planning B: Urban
- 94. Environment and Planning B: Planning and Design 2658135
- 95. Environment and Planning D: Society and Space 2637758
- 96. Environment and Urbanization 0956-2478
- 97. Environment and Urbanization Asia 0975-4253
- 98. Environmental Conservation 0376-8929
- 99. Epites-Epiteszettudomany
- 100. Ergonomics & Human Factors 2472-5838
- 101. Frontiers Of Ecological Environment- 1540-9295
- 102. Frontiers of Architectural Research 2095-2635
- 103. Frontiers of Architectural Research
- 104. Frontiers of Materials Science 2095025X
- 105. Geotechnical and Geological Engineering Facilities
- 106. Geotechnical Special Publication
- 107. Habitat International 0197-3975
- 108. lise Transactions On Occupational
- 109. Indoor and Built Environment 1420-326x
- 110. Informes de la Construccion
- 111. Intelligent Buildings International 1750-8975
- 112. Interiors: Design, Architecture, Culture
- 113. International Archives Of Occupational And Environmental Health 0340-0131
- 114. International Journal for Housing Science and Its Applications
- 115. International Journal of Architectural Heritage 1558-3058
- 116. International Journal of Architecture and Planning 2147-9380
- 117. International Journal of Building Pathology and Adaptation 2398-4708
- 118. International Journal of Built Environment and Sustainability 1511-1369
- 119. International Journal of Disaster Resilience in the Built Environment 1759-5908
- 120. International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction
- 121. International Journal of Heritage Architecture
- 122. International Journal Of Islamic Architecture 2045-5895
- 123. International Journal of Low Carbon Technologies
- 124. International Journal Of Occupational And Environmental Health 1077-3525
- 125. International Journal Of Occupational Safety And Ergonomics- 1080-3548
- 126. International Journal of Space Structures
- 127. International Journal of Sustainable Construction Engineering and Technology
- 128. International Journal Of Urban Sciences 1226-5934
- 129. International Journal of Urban and Regional Research 0309-1317
- 130. Journal f Construction in Developing Countries 1823-6499
- 131. Journal of Applied Ecology 1365-2664
- 132. Journal of Architectural and Planning Research 0738-0895
- 133. Journal of Architectural Engineering 1076-0431
- 134. Journal of Architectural and Planning Research
- **135.** Journal of Architectural Conservation 1355-6207

- 136. Journal of Architectural Education
- 137. Journal of Architectural Engineering Technology ISSN: 2168
- 138. Journal of Architecture 1360-2365
- 139. Journal of Architecture and Urbanism 2029-7955
- 140. Journal of Architecture and Construction
- 141. Journal of Architecture and Planning
- 142. Journal of Architecture and Urbanism
- 143. Journal Of Asian Architecture and Building Engineering 1346-7581
- 144. Journal of Asian Architecture and Building Engineering
- 145. Journal of Asian Architecture and Building Engineering
- 146. Journal of Building Engineering 2352-7102
- 147. Journal of Building Performance Simulation 1940-1493
- 148. Journal of Building Physics 1744-2591
- 149. Journal of Civil Engineering and Architecture
- 150. Journal of Composites for Construction 1090-0268
- 151. Journal of Conservation and Museum Studies- 2049-4572
- 152. Journal of Construction Engineering and Management-Asce 0733-9364
- 153. Journal of Construction Research 1609-9451
- 154. Journal of Engineering and Architecture
- 155. Journal Of Environmental And Public Health 1687-9805
- 156. Journal Of Environmental Engineering And Landscape Management 1648-6897
- 157. Journal Of Environmental Psychology -0272-4944
- 158. Journal of Green Building 1552-6100
- 159. Journal of Housing and the Built Environment- 1566-4910
- 160. Journal of Information Technology in Construction 1874-4753
- 161. Journal of Intervention and State Building 1750-2977
- 162. Journal of Land Use Science 1747-423x
- 163. Journal of Landscape Architecture 1862-6033
- 164. Journal of Legal Affairs and Dispute Resolution in Engineering and Construction
- 165. Journal Of Occupational And Environmental Medicine 1076-2752
- 166. Journal Of Occupational Health- 1341-9145
- 167. Journal Of Public Health In Africa- 2038-9922
- 168. Journal of Structural and Construction Engineering 1340-4202
- 169. Journal of The Faculty Of Engineering And Architecture Of Gazi University
- 170. Journal of the Faculty of Engineering and Architecture of Gazi University
- 171. Journal of The Society Of Architectural Historians 0037-9808
- 172. Journal of Transport and Land Use -1938-784
- 173. Journal of Urban and Regional Analysis 2067-4082
- 174. Journal of Urban Design 1357-4809
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- 176. Journal of Urban Planning And Development-Asce 0733-9488
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- 180. Landscape And Urban Planning- 0169-2046
- 181. Landscape Architecture 0023-8031

- 182. Landscape Architecture And Art 2255-8632
- 183. Landscape Ecology 0921-2973
- 184. Landscape Journal 0277-2426
- 185. Landscape Research -0142-6397
- 186. Learning Landscapes 1913-5688
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- 188. Lotus International
- 189. METU Journal of the Faculty of Architecture
- 190. Nanotechnologies in Construction-A Scientific Internet-Journal 2075-8545
- 191. New Arch-International Journal Of Contemporary Architecture 2198-7688
- 192. Nexus Network Journal
- 193. Open Construction and Building Technology Journal 1874-8368
- 194. Open House International
- 195. Organization Technology and Management in Construction 1847-5450
- 196. Research in Design Series
- 197. Research in Engineering Design Theory, Applications, and Concurrent Engineering
- 198. Revista INVI
- 199. Revista Proyecto, Progreso, Arquitectura
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- 208. Tumu Jianzhuyu Huanjing Gongcheng /Journal of Civil, Architectural and Environmental Engineering
- 209. Tumu Gongcheng Xuebao/China Civil Engineering Journal
- 210. Urban Affairs Review 1078-0874
- 211. Urban Climate 2212-0955
- 212. Urban Ecosystems 1083-8155
- 213. Urban Forestry & Urban Greening- 1618-8667
- 214. Urban Forestry and Urban Greening
- 215. Urban Morphology 1027-4278
- 216. Urban Planning- 2183-7635
- 217. Urban Policy And Research 0811-1146
- 218. Urban Research & Practice 1753-5069
- 219. Vernacular Architecture 0305-5477
- 220. WIT Transactions on the Built Environment
- 221. Xi'an Jianzhu Keji Daxue Xuebao /Journal of Xi'an University of Architecture & Technology

1.2 Department of Construction Management and Technology

- 1. Construction Management and Economics -0144-6193
- 2. International Journal of Construction Management- 1562-3599
- 3. Advances in Civil Engineering 1687-8094
- 4. International Journal of Management Science and Engineering Management-1750-9653
- 5. International Journal of Sustainability in Higher education-1467-6370
- 6. Journal of Geo-Science and Environmental Protection-2327-4344
- 7. Groundwater for Sustainable Development-2352801X
- 8. Sustainable Water Resources Management-2363-5027
- 9. Journal of Sustainability -2071-1050
- 10. International Journal of Physical Sciences 1992-1950
- 11. Ceramic International 0272-8842
- 12. Journal of Construction Innovation-1471-4175
- 13. Journal of Construction Engineering and Management -07339364
- 14. Open Construction And Building Technology Journal -1874-8368
- 15. Journal of Construction Research -1609-9451
- 16. African Journal of Business Management-1993-8233
- 17. American Journal of Civil Engineering-2330-8737
- 18. Engineering Science -2578-9279
- 19. Journal of Civil, Construction and Environmental Engineering-2637-3890
- 20. Industrial Engineering-2640-1118
- 21. American Journal of Science, Engineering And Technology-2578-8353
- 22. International Journal of Engineering Management-2640-1568
- 23. American Journal of Environmental and Resource Economics-2578-787x
- 24. American Journal of Management Science and Engineering-2575-1379

2.0 COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

2.1 Department of Civil Engineering

- 1. Journal of Civil Engineering and Management
- 2. Journal of Water Resources Planning and Management
- 3. Canadian Geotechnical Journal
- 4. Journal of Structural Engineering
- 5. Journal of Composites for Construction
- 6. Journal of Civil and Environmental Engineering
- 7. MUST Journal of Research and Development (MJRD)
- 8. The Tanzania Engineer Journal
- 9. Journal of Transportation Research
- 10. Journal of Transport Policy
- 11. KICEM Journal of Construction Engineering and Project Management
- 12. Tanzania Journal of Engineering and Technology
- 13. Geotechnical and Geological Journal
- 14. ELK's International Journal of Civil Engineering (EAPJCESD)
- 15. Journal of Materials in Civil Engineering
- 16. Journal of Bridge Engineering
- 17. Journal of Surveying Engineering

- 18. Journal of Irrigation & Drainage Engineering
- 19. ISPRS International Journal of Geoinformation
- 20. Journal of Remote Sensing and Environment
- 21. GIS Science and Remote sensing
- 22. Journal of Geographical Association of Tanzania
- 23. African Geographical Review
- 24. Geo-spacial Information Science Journal
- 25. Survey Review Journal
- 26. Journal of Environmental Science Engineering
- 27. International Achieves of Photogrammetry
- 28. Remote Sensing and Spatial Information Sciences
- 29. Journal of Data Analysis and Information Processing
- 30. International Journal of Environmental Studies
- 31. Journal of Soil and Sediments
- 32. Journal of Sediments Research
- 33. Journal of Hydrology
- 34. Journal of Environmental Management
- 35. Journal of Science and Total Environment
- 36. Journal of Environmental Radioactivity
- 37. ACI Structural Journal ISSN08893241
- 38. Engineering Structures ISSN: 0141-0296
- 39. Structural Control and Health Monitoring ISSN: 1545-2263
- 40. The Open Civil Engineering Journal ISSN:1874-1495
- 41. Civil Engineering Journal ISSN (Online) 2476-3055
- 42. Transportation Research Part D
- 43. The Journal of Transport and Land Use ISSN: 1938-7849
- 44. Journal of Transportation Engineering
- 45. Journal of Transportation Systems Engineering and Information Technology
- 46. International Journal of Traffic and Transportation Engineering
- 47. Transportation Engineering Periodica Polytechnica
- 48. Journal of Traffic and Transportation Engineering
- 49. International Journal of Transportation
- 50. Industrial Engineering and Management
- 51. The Tanzania Engineer (IET Journal)
- 52. Journal of Outlook on Agriculture
- 53. Water Practice and Technology
- 54. Journal of Geoscience and Environment Protection
- 55. Journal of Agriculture and Sustainability
- 56. Agricultural Sciences
- 57. Engineering
- 58. MUST Journal of Research and Development.
- 59. Journal of Physics and Chemistry of the Earth
- 60. Journal of Hydrology
- 61. Fuzzy Sets and Systems

2.2 Department of Electrical and Power Engineering

- 1. Journal of Multidisciplinary Engineering Science and Technology
- 2. Journal of Advanced Engineering
- 3. International Journal of Recent Trends in Engineering & Technology
- 4. World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology International Journal of Social
- 5. Science and Engineering
- 6. World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology International Journal of
- 7. Electrical Science and Engineering
- 8. World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology
- 9. World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology International Journal of Energy
- 10. and Power Engineering
- 11. World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology International Journal of
- 12. Electrical and Computer Engineering
- 13. World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology International Journal of
- 14. Electrical and Information Engineering
- 15. Hindawi Journal of Engineering
- 16. International Journal of Engineering
- 17. International Journal of Scientific Research and Development –ISSN [Online]:2581-7175
- 18. International Journal of Electrical Power & Energy Systems
- 19. Sustainable Energy, Grids and Networks- Elsevier
- 20. South African Institute of Electrical Engineers (SAIEE) Africa Research Journal
- 21. Taylor & Francis Group journals
- 22. SSRG International Journal of Electrical and Electronics Engineering (IJEEE)
- 23. SSRG International Journal of Electronics and Communication Engineering (IJECE)
- 24. American Journal of Electrical and Electronic Engineering
- 25. Australian Journal of Electrical and Electronics Engineering
- 26. Universal Journal of Electrical and Electronic Engineering
- 27. Journal of Electrical and Electronics Engineering
- 28. Journal of Electrical & Electronic Systems ISSN:2332-0796
- 29. Scientific and Academic Publishing, Journal of Electrical and Electronic Engineering
- 30. International Journal of Advanced Electrical and Electronics Engineering (IJAEEE),
- 31. Journal of Energy Technology and Policy, ISSN 2224-3232
- 32. International Journal of Electrical Power System and Technology, ISSN 2455-7293
- 33. Science publishing group Journals
- 34. International Journal of Energy and Power Engineering ISSN 2326-957
- 35. IEEE Journals
- 36. Elsevier Journals
- 37. International Journal of Electrical Engineering ISSN 1812-3031
- 38. Springer Journals
- 39. International Journal of IT, Engineering and Applied Sciences Research (IJIEASR)
- 40. Journal of Multidisciplinary Engineering Science and Technology (JMEST)
- 41. Journal of Engineering Research and Reports
- 42. Sustainable Environment Research
- 43. Journal of Energy in Southern Africa
- 44. International Journal of Renewable Energy Technology Research
- 45. Journal of energy technologies and Policy

- 46. International Journal of African and Asian Studies
- 47. Smart Grid and Renewable Energy
- 48. International Journal of Advanced Engineering Research and Technology (IJAERT)
- 49. Science Journal of Applied Mathematics and Statistics
- 50. International Journal of Environmental Protection and Policy
- 51. Industrial Engineering
- 52. American Journal of Electrical Power and Energy Systems
- 53. American Journal of Energy Engineering
- 54. American Journal of Environmental and Resource Economics
- 55. American Journal of Environmental Science and Engineering
- 56. Applied Engineering
- 57. International Journal of Economy, Energy and Environment
- 58. Science Journal of Energy Engineering
- 59. Journal of Energy, Environmental & Chemical Engineering
- 60. International Journal of Engineering Management
- 61. American Journal of Science, Engineering and Technology
- 62. American Journal of Electrical and Computer Engineering
- 63. American Journal of Applied Scientific Research
- 64. International Journal of Environmental Monitoring and Analysis

2.3 Department of Geosciences and Mining Technology International Journal of Mining Science and Technology

1.	International Journal of Mining Science and Technology-	Elsevier	2095-2686	
2	Journal of Remote Sensing & GIS	2469-4	134	
3	Scientific Mining Journal	256470	24	
4.	Oil and Gas Journal (Oil Gas J)	0030-13	388	
5.	Journal of Petroleum Science and Engineering	0920-4	105	
6	Journal of Geophysics & Remote Sensing (J Geophys Rem	n Sens)	2169-0049	
7	International Journal of Mining, Reclamation and Environ	ment	1748-0930	
8	Journal of Mining Science	1062-7	391	
9	International Journal of Mining and Mineral Engineering	1754-89	918	
10	Journal of Sustainable Mining- Elsevier	2543-49	950, 2300-3960	
11	Engineering Geology journal- Elsevier	0013-79	952	
12	International Journal of Rock Mechanics and Mining Scie	nces	1365-1609	
13	International Journal of Mineral Processing	0301-7	516	
14	International journal of data mining and bioinformatics	1748-50	681, 1748-5673	
15	Applied Geochemistry	0883-29	927	
16	International Journal of Coal Geology	0166-5	162	
17	Computers and Geotechnics	0266-3	52X	
18	Journal of Applied Geophysics	0926-98	851	
19	hydrometallurgy journal	0304-3	86X	
20	Journal of Petroleum Exploration and Production Technol	ogy	2190-0558,	2190-
	0566			

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2.4 Department of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering

- 1. Journal of Biotechnology & Biomaterials
- 2. Journal of Nonmaterial's & Molecular Nanotechnology
- 3. Journal of Material Sciences
- 4. Polymer Sciences
- 5. Journal of Scientific and Industrial Metrology
- 6. Journal of Engineering and Technology
- 7. Materials Research journal
- 8. Materials and Design
- 9. Materials Today
- 10. Advances in Recycling & Waste Management
- 11. Expert Opinion on Environmental Biology Hybrid
- 12. Journal of Environmental Hazards Journal of Fundamentals of Renewable Energy and Applications
- 13. Journal of Industrial Pollution Control
- 14. Journal of Petroleum & Environmental Biotechnology
- 15. Journal of Pollution
- 16. Journal of Pollution Effects and Control
- 17. Journal of Ecology and Environmental Sciences
- 18. Resources, Recycling and Waste Management
- 19. Advances in Automobile Engineering
- 20. Advances in Robotics & Automation
- 21. Bioceramics Development and Applications
- 22. Biosensors Journal
- 23. European Journal of Applied Engineering and Scientific Research
- 24. Global Journal of Technology and Optimization
- 25. Industrial Engineering & Management
- 26. Innovative Energy & Research
- 27. International Journal of Advance Innovations, Thoughts & Ideas
- 28. International Journal of Advancements in Technology
- 29. Journal of Aeronautics & Aerospace Engineering
- 30. Journal of Applied Mechanical Engineering
- 31. Journal of Biosensors & Bioelectronics
- 32. Journal of Textile Science & Engineering
- 33. Journal of Engineering and Technology
- 34. Journal of Power and Energy Engineering
- 35. International Journal of Energy and Environmental Engineering
- 36. International Journal of Mechanical Sciences
- 37. Journal of Applied and Computational Mechanics
- 38. International Journal of Automotive and Mechanical Engineering
- 39. Advances in Mechanical Engineering
- 40. Journal of Modern Transportation
- 41. Robotics
- 42. International Journal of Optomechatronics
- 43. Transport Problems
- 44. International Journal of Rotating Machinery

- 45. Theoretical and Applied Mechanics
- 46. International Journal of Engineering and Technology Innovation
- 47. Journal of Agricultural Engineering
- 48. International Journal of Mechanical and Materials Engineering
- 49. Journal of Engineering
- 50. Journal of Mechanical Engineering and Sciences
- 51. Journal of Applied Fluid Mechanics
- 52. International Journal of Heat and Technology
- 53. Journal of Industrial Design and Engineering Graphics
- 54. Journal of Thermophysics and Heat Transfer
- 55. Journal of Biomedical Engineering and Medical Devices
- 56. Journal of Chemical Engineering & Process Technology
- 57. Journal of Ergonomics
- 58. International Journal of Occupational Safety and Ergonomics
- 59. Progress in Energy and Combustion Science
- 60. Progress in Energy and Combustion Science
- 61. Advances in Applied Mechanics
- 62. International Journal of Machine Tools & Manufacture
- 63. International Journal of Plasticity
- 64. Journal of Sandwich Structures and Materials
- 65. Mechanical Systems and Signal Processing
- 66. IEEE-ASME Transactions on Mechatronics
- 67. Nonlinear Dynamics
- 68. International Journal of Precision Engineering and Manufacturing-Green Technology
- 69. International Journal of Heat and Mass Transfer
- 70. Journal Elsevier
- 71. Science Direct Journal
- 72. Journal of fundamentals of renewable energy research
- 73. Internal journal of sustainable energy
- 74. Journal of energy research and environmental technology
- 75. Environmental technology and innovation
- 76. Energy and environmental SAGE journal
- 77. IJIET International Journal of Industrial Engineering and Technology
- 78. Solar energy materials and solar cells journal
- 79. The energy journal international association of energy
- 80. International journal of energy research
- 81. Applied energy journal
- 82. Advances in mechanical engineering SAGE journal
- 83. Advanced Mechanical Modeling of Nonmaterial and Nanostructures
- 84. Tanzania Journal of Agricultural Science (TAJAS)
- 85. The Tanzania Journal of Forestry and Nature Conservation
- 86. Tanzania Journal of Health Research (TJHR)
- 87. The Tanzania Journal of Science (Tanz. J. Sci)
- 88. The Eastern Africa Journal of Rural Development (EAJRD)
- 89. Journal of Science and Sustainable Development (JSSD)
- 90. Makerere Journal of Higher Education (MAJOHE)

- 91. African Journal of Biomedical Research
- 92. African Journal of Environmental Science and Technology (AJEST)
- 93. Global Journal of Engineering Research
- 94. Journal of Applied Science, Engineering and Technology

3.0 COLLEGE OF HUMANITIES AND BUSINESS MANAGEMENT

3.1 Department of Humanities Studies

- 1. Annual Review of Applied Linguistics
- 2. Journal of Memory and Language
- 3. Applied Linguistics
- 4. Communication Theory
- 5. Journal of Linguistics and Language in Education-UDSM
- 6. Linguistics and Education-An International Research Journal
- 7. Journal of Language and Linguistic Studies
- 8. Journal of Linguistics and Education Research
- 9. Open Journal of Modern Linguistics
- 10. Journal of Advances in Education Research (JAER)
- 11. Journal of Education, Humanities and Sciences

3.2 Department of Business Management

- 1. MUST Journal of Research and Development
- 2. Journal of International Business Studies
- 3. Journal of Management
- 4. Journal of Business Ethics
- 5. Review of Accounting Studies
- 6. Journal of Chinese Economic and Business Studies
- 7. Journal of Business and Economic Statistics
- 8. Entrepreneurship Theory and Practice
- 9. Journal of Economics and Business
- 10. Journal of Management
- 11. Academy of Management Journal
- 12. Annual Review of Organizational Psychology and Organizational Behavior
- 13. Journal of Information Technology
- 14. Journal of Service Research
- 15. Journal of Finance
- 16. Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science
- 17. Journal of International Business Studies
- 18. Journal of Supply Chain Management
- 19. Journal of Business Venturing
- 20. Journal of Economic Perspectives
- 21. International Journal of Management Reviews
- 22. Economic Geography
- 23. Journal of Marketing
- 24. Journal of Economic Literature
- 25. Journal of Operations Management

- 26. Journal of Interactive Marketing
- 27. Academy of Management Perspectives
- 28. Administrative Science Quarterly
- 29. Entrepreneurship Theory and Practice
- 30. Organizational Research Methods
- 31. Tourism Management
- 32. Journal of Financial Economics
- 33. Research Policy
- 34. Strategic Management Journal
- 35. Personnel Psychology
- 36. International Journal of Economics and Business Administration
- 37. International Journal of Economics and Business Research
- 38. Global Journal of Economics and Business Administration
- 39. American Journal of Economics and Business Administration
- 40. Journal of Economics, Management and Trade
- 41. Journal of Advances in Economics and Finance
- 42. Journal of Agricultural Economics
- 43. Journal of Agricultural and Applied Economics
- 44. Journal of Agricultural and Resource Economics
- 45. European Journal of Business and Management
- 46. The American Journal of Agricultural Economics
- 47. The African Journal of Food, Agriculture, Nutrition and Development
- 48. The African Journal of Agricultural Research
- 49. Business, Management and Economics Research
- 50. Journal of Agricultural Economics
- 51. Journal of Agriculture and Rural Development in the Tropics and Subtropics
- 52. Agricultural Extension and Rural Development
- 53. Journal of Agricultural Education and Extension (JCEE)
- 54. Tanzania Journal of Agricultural Sciences (TAJAS)
- 55. Uongozi Journal of Management and Development Dynamics
- 56. Journal of Policy and Leadership
- 57. Business Management Review
- 58. Business Education Journal (BEJ)
- 59. Tanzania Economic Review
- 60. Tanzania Journal of Development Studies
- 61. Tanzania Journal for Population studies and Development
- 62. Eastern Africa Journal of Rural Development
- 63. African Journal of Agricultural Research
- 64. African Journal of Economic Review (AJER)
- 65. African journal of agricultural economics and rural developments
- 66. The African Journal of Agricultural and Resource Economics (AfJARE)
- 67. Journal of Economics and Sustainable Development
- 68. Journal of Agricultural systems
- 69. International Journal of Business and Globalization
- 70. International Journal of Business Environment
- 71. International Journal of Business Continuity and Risk Management

- 72. International Journal of Business Performance and Management
- 73. International Journal of Business Performance and Supply Chain Modeling
- 74. International Journal of Business Process Integrations and Management
- 75. Global Business and Economics Review
- 76. African Journal of Accounting and Social Science Studies
- 77. African Journal of Economic and Sustainable Development
- 78. International Journal of Business Innovation and Research
- 79. International Journal of Agriculture Innovation, Technology and Globalization
- 80. African Journal of Rural Development

4.0 COLLEGE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

- 1. African Journal of Applied Sciences
- 2. African Journal of Basic and Applied Sciences
- 3. African Journal of Information & Communication Technology
- 4. African Journal of Information Systems
- 5. African Journal of Mathematics and Computer Science Research
- 6. African Journal of Science and Research
- 7. African Journal of Science and Technology (AJST)
- 8. African Statistical Journal
- 9. Campus Wide Information Systems Journal
- 10. Data and Knowledge Engineering Journal
- 11. Electronic Journal of Information Systems in Developing Countries
- 12. International Journal for Infonomics
- 13. International Journal of Business intelligence and Data Mining
- 14. International Journal of Computing and ICT Research
- 15. International Journal of Data Mining and Bioinformatics
- 16. International Journal of Data Mining Modelling and Management
- 17. International Journal of Data Warehousing and Mining
- 18. International Journal of Education and Development using Information and Communication Technology
- 19. Information Technology and People Journal
- 20. Information Technologies and International Development
- 21. International Journal of Electronic Government Research
- 22. International Journal of ICT Research and Development in Africa
- 23. International Journal of Information Communication Technologies and Development
- 24. International Journal of Machine Learning and Applications
- 25. International Journal of Multimedia Information Retrieval
- 26. International Journal on Advances in ICT for Emerging Regions
- 27. International Journal on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning IST-Africa
- 28. Journal of Artificial Intelligence in Medicine
- 29. Journal of Educational Data Mining
- 30. Journal of Education, Humanities and Sciences (JEHS)
- 31. Journal of Global Information Technology Management
- 32. Journal of Health Informatics in Developing Countries
- 33. Journal of Information Management & Computer Security

- 34. Journal of Information Technology& Politics
- 35. Journal of Internet Services and Applications
- 36. Journal of Knowledge Management
- 37. Journal of Machine learning research
- 38. Knowledge Management for Development Journal
- 39. Social Science Computer Review Journal
- 40. Themes in Science and Technology Education
- 41. The Southern African Journal of information and Communication (SAJIC)
- 42. Third World Quarterly
- 43. Transforming Government: People, Process and Policy Journal
- 44. World Development
- 45. International Journal of Interdisciplinary Telecommunications and Networking
- 46. ETRI Journal
- 47. AEU-International Journal of Electronics and Communications
- 48. Chinese Journal of Electronics
- 49. Computer Communications: The International Journal for the Computer and Telecommunications Industry
- 50. Digital Communications and Networks
- 51. IEEE Access
- 52. Wireless Networks: The Journal of Mobile Communication, Computation and Information
- 53. Physical Communication
- 54. Optical Switching and Networking: A Computer Networks Journal
- 55. Journal of Sensor and Actuator Networks
- 56. Journal of Internet Technology
- 57. Journal of Communications Technology and Electronics
- 58. Taylor & Francis Group
- 59. IEEE Xplore
- 60. ACM Digital Library
- 61. MDPI Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute
- 62. Mbeya University of Science and Technology Journal of Research and Development (MJRD)
- 63. International Journal of Sensor Networks
- 64. International Journal of Electronics, Communication and Soft Computing Science and Engineering
- 65. International Journal of Computer Engineering and Information Technology
- 66. International Journal of Computer (IJC) (2307-4523)
- 67. International Journal of Computer Trends and Technology (IJCTT) (2231-2803)
- 68. International Journal of Electrical Engineering and Technology (IJEET)
- 69. International Journal of Electronics and Communications
- 70. International Journal of Computational Intelligence Systems
- 71. International Journal of Networked and Distributed Computing
- 72. International Journal of Sensor Networks
- 73. Journal of Information Science and Engineering
- 74. Romanian Journal of Information Science and Technology
- 75. Maejo international journal of science and technology

- 76. Turkish Journal of Electrical Engineering & Computer Sciences
- 77. Electronics and Communications in Japan
- 78. Engineering Science and Technology, an International Journal
- 79. International Journal of Information Management
- 80. Computer Science and Information Systems
- 81. International Journal of Machine Learning and Applications
- 82. International Journal of Multimedia Information Retrieval
- 83. International Journal of Distributed Sensor Networks
- 84. International Journal of Data Mining and Bioinformatics
- 85. International Journal on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
- 86. African Journal of Information & Communication Technology
- 87. African Journal of Information Systems
- 88. The Southern African Journal of information and Communication (SAJIC)
- 89. International Journal of Engineering Research in Africa
- 90. Journal of Internet Services and Applications
- 91. International Journal of Telemedicine and Applications
- 92. Journal of Cloud Computing-Advances Systems and Applications
- 93. International Journal on Information Technologies and Security
- 94. International Journal of Information Technologies and Systems Approach
- 95. International Journal of Intelligent Information Technologies
- 96. International Journal of Information and Communication Technology Education
- 97. International Journal of Knowledge-Based and Intelligent Engineering System

5.0 COLLEGE SCIENCE AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

5.1 Department of Applied Sciences

- 1. International Journal of Food Science
- 2. International Journal of Fruit Science
- 3. Food Packaging and Shelf Life
- 4. *LWT* Food Science and Technology
- 5. Scientia Horticulture
- 6. Postharvest biology and Technology
- 7. Plant Horticultural Journal
- 8. Journal of Food Measurement and Characterization
- 9. Journal of Food Processing and Preservation
- 10. Journal of Food Science
- 11. Food Science and Technology International
- 12. Journal of Food Science Research
- 13. Trends in Food Science & Technology
- 14. Food Microbiology
- 15. Food Science and Human Wellness
- 16. Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture
- 17. Journal of Agriculture and Food Research
- 18. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry
- 19. International Journal of Postharvest Technology and Innovation

5.2 Department of Medical Sciences and Technology

- 1. Nature Biomedical Engineering
- 2. Annual Review of Biomedical Engineering
- 3. Biosensors and Bioelectronics
- 4. Biofabrication
- 5. IEEE Reviews in Biomedical Engineering
- 6. Annals of Biomedical Engineering
- 7. IEEE Transactions on Biomedical Circuits and Systems
- 8. Medical Devices: Evidence and Research
- 9. Medical and Biological Engineering and Computing
- 10. Bio-Medical Engineering Online
- 11. Annual Review of Biomedical Engineering
- 12. Annals of Biomedical Engineering
- 13. Annual Review of Public Health
- 14. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases
- 15. Bulletin of the World Health Organization
- 16. American Journal of Public Health
- 17. Epidemics
- 18. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health
- 19. Journal of Global Health
- 20. One Health
- 21. Value in Health
- 22. Journal of Health and Social Behavior
- 23. Antimicrobial Resistance and Infection Control
- 24. Reviews of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology
- 25. Tropical Medicine and International Health
- 26. International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health
- 27. Pathogens and Global Health
- 28. Public Health Nutrition
- 29. Public Health Reports
- 30. Zoonoses and Public Health
- 31. Journal of Health Communication
- 32. Global Health Action
- 33. Journal of Infection and Public Health
- 34. Journal of Biomedical Sciences
- 35. Medical Sciences Journal
- 36. Journal of Research in Medical Sciences
- 37. Advances in Medical Sciences
- 38. IEEE Journal of Biomedical and Health Informatics
- 39. The American Journal of the Medical Sciences
- 40. Journal of Bioscience and Bioengineering
- 41. Journal of Biomedical Engineering and Medical devices
- 42. Journal of Medical Internet Research
- 43. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA
- 44. Internet Interventions
- 45. Journal of Biomedical Informatics

- 46. International Journal of Medical Informatics
- 47. Telemedicine Journal and e-Health
- 48. Computerized Medical Imaging and Graphics
- 49. BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making
- 50. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing
- 51. Computer Methods and Programs in Biomedicine
- 52. Biomedical Signal Processing and Control
- 53. Open Bioinformatics Journal
- 54. Healthcare Informatics Research
- 55. Health Informatics Journal
- 56. Journal of Medical Systems
- 57. Applied Clinical Informatics
- 58. Informatics for health & social care
- 59. Journal of Medical Imaging and Health Informatics

5.3 Department of Mathematics and Statistics

- 1. Journal of Scientific Research and Reports
- 2. Journal of Scientific Research Publishing
- 3. British Journal of Mathematics and Computer Science
- 4. Mathematical Bio-sciences and Engineering
- 5. International Journal Of Numerical Analysis And Modeling
- 6. Iranian Journal Of Fuzzy Systems
- 7. Japanese Journal Of Mathematics
- 8. Journal of Algebraic Geometry
- 9. Journal of Convex Analysis
- 10. Journal of Dynamics and Differential Equations
- 11. Journal of Education, Humanities and Sciences (JEHS)
- 12. Journal of Evolution Equations
- 13. Journal of Fixed Point Theory and Applications
- 14. Journal of Function Spaces and Applications
- 15. Journal of Integral Equations and Applications
- 16. Journal of Lie Theory
- 17. Journal of Mathematical Logic
- 18. Journal of Mathematical Sciences-The University of Tokyo
- 19. Journal of Mathematics of Kyoto University
- 20. Journal of Modern Dynamics
- 21. Journal of Noncommutative Geometry
- 22. Journal of Nonlinear and Convex Analysis
- 23. Journal of Numerical Mathematics
- 24. Journal of Operator Theory
- 25. Journal of Pure and Applied Algebra
- 26. Journal of Symbolic Logic
- 27. Journal of Symplectic Geometry
- 28. Journal of the American Mathematical Society
- 29. Journal of the European Mathematical Society
- 30. Journal of the Institute of Mathematics of Jussieu

- 31. Journal of the Korean Mathematical Society
- 32. Journal of the Mathematical Society of Japan

5.4 Department of Natural Science

- 1. Science of the total environment
- 2. Chemosphere
- 3. Plos One
- 4. Conservation Biology
- 5. Environmental science and technology
- 6. Food additives and contaminants
- 7. Environmental pollution
- 8. International journal of environmental analytical chemistry
- 9. WIO Journal of marine sciences
- 10. Ecotoxicology and environmental safety
- 11. Environmental toxicology and chemistry
- 12. Marine Pollution Bulletin
- 13. Weather and forecasting
- 14. Climate simulation and prediction
- 15. Applied Meteorology and climatology
- 16. Journal of Aquaculture Research and Development
- 17. Journal of Biodiversity and Endangered species
- 18. Journal of Earth Science and Climatic Change
- 19. Journal of Fisheries and livestock Production
- 20. Journal of Fisheries and Wildlife Sciences
- 21. Journal of Animal Biodiversity and Conservation
- 22. Journal of Avian Conservation and Ecology
- 23. Journal of Conservation Evidence
- 24. Journal of Conservation Genetics Resources
- 25. Journal of Bird Conservation International
- 26. Journal of Primate Conservation
- 27. Global Journal of Environmental Sciences
- 28. International Forestry Review
- 29. International Journal of Agronomy
- 30. International Journal of Biodiversity
- 31. International Journal of Biodiversity and Management
- 32. International Journal of Biodiversity Science, Ecosystem services and Management
- 33. International Journal of Ecology
- 34. International Journal of Forestry Research
- 35. International Journal of Tropical Biology
- 36. Journal of Applied Ecology
- 37. Journal of Biogeography
- 38. Journal of Ecology
- 39. Journal of Ecosystems
- 40. Journal of Education, Humanities and Science
- 41. Journal of Environmental and Public Health
- 42. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethno medicine

- 43. Achieves of Pharmaceutical Research
- 44. Accounts of Chemical Research
- 45. Advanced Synthesis and Catalysis
- 46. Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan
- 47. Carbohydrate Research
- 48. Chemistry-A European Journal
- 49. Chemistry of Pharmaceutical Bulletin
- 50. Chemical Reviews
- 51. Current Organic Chemistry
- 52. European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry
- 53. European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry
- 54. Integrated Environmental Science Journal
- 55. Institute of Chemistry
- 56. Journal of American Chemical Society
- 57. Journal of Education, Humanities and Sciences (JEHS)
- 58. Journal of Carbohydrate Chemistry
- 59. Journal of Chromatography A
- 60. Journal of Chromatography B
- 61. Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry
- 62. Journal of the Korean Society for Applied Biological Chemistry
- 63. Journal of Labelled Compounds and Radiopharmaceuticals
- 64. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry
- 65. Journal of the Mexican Chemical Society
- 66. Journal of Organic Chemistry
- 67. Journal of Organometallic Chemistry
- 68. Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Research
- 69. Journal of Physical Chemistry B
- 70. Journal of Solid State Electrochemistry
- 71. Journal of Surfactants and detergents
- 72. Journal of Theoretical & Computational Chemistry
- 73. Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health-part a-Current Issues
- 74. Journal of Toxicological Sciences
- 75. Journal of Water Chemistry and Technology
- 76. Journal of Wood Chemistry and Technology
- 77. Letters in Drug Design & Discovery
- 78. Letters in Organic Chemistry
- 79. Materials Chemistry and Physics
- 80. Natural Product Research
- 81. Organic Geochemistry Journal
- 82. Organic Letters
- 83. Organic Syntheses
- 84. Organic Process Research and Development
- 85. Pharmaceutical Chemistry Journal
- 86. Pharmaceutical Chemistry Journal
- 87. Phyton-International Journal of Experimental Botany
- 88. Polish Journal of Chemical Technology

- 89. Research Journal of Chemistry and Environment
- 90. American Journal of Physics
- 91. Annual Review of Astronomy and Astrophysics
- 92. Annual Review of Fluid Mechanics
- 93. Annual Review of Materials Science
- 94. Applied Optics
- 95. Applied Physics B
- 96. Applied Physics Letters
- 97. Astrophysics and Space Science
- 98. Astronomy and Astrophysics
- 99. Astronomy and Geophysics
- 100. Astrophysics and Space Science
- 101. Astroparticle Physics
- 102. Biophysical Journal
- 103. Biophysical Reviews and Letters
- 104. Canadian Journal of Physics
- 105. Central European Journal of Physics
- 106. Classical and Quantum Gravity
- 107. Communications in Mathematical Physics
- 108. Computational Materials Science
- 109. Computer Physics Communications
- 110. Combinatorial and Artificial Intelligence Methods in Materials Science
- 111. Computational Materials Science
- 112. Computational Materials Science
- 113. Computer Simulation in Materials Science
- 114. Cross-Disciplinary Applied Research In Materials Science and Technology
- 115. Current Opinion in Solid State & Materials Science
- 116. Electronic Journal of Theoretical Physics

5.5 Department of Technical Education

- 1. American Educational Research Journal
- 2. African Educational Research Journal
- 3. Administrative Issues Journal: Connecting Education, Practice and Research
- 4. Adult learner: The Irish Journal of Adult and Community
- 5. Alabama Journal of Educational Leadership
- 6. African Journal of Research in Mathematics, Science and Technology Education
- 7. American Journal of Engineering Education
- 8. American Journal of Health Education
- 9. Applied Environmental Education and Communication
- 10. Applied Measurement in Education
- 11. American Journal of Sexuality Education
- 12. Art Education
- 13. Anthropology and Education Quality
- 14. American Journal of Distance Education
- 15. Asian Journal of University Education
- 16. Asia-Pacific Science Education

- 17. Asia-Pacific Journal of Teacher Education
- 18. Asia-Pacific Forum on Science Learning and Teaching
- 19. Asia-Pacific Education Researcher
- 20. Assessment for Effective Intervention
- 21. Assessment in Education: Principles, Policy & Practice
- 22. Assessment & Evaluation in Higher Education
- 23. Australian Journal of Early Childhood
- 24. Australian and Journal of Special and Inclusive Education
- 25. Australian Journal of Gifted Education
- 26. Australian Journal of Educational Technology
- 27. Australian Journal of Music Education
- 28. Australian Journal of Teacher Education
- 29. British Journal of Educational Psychology
- 30. British Journal of Educational Studies
- 31. British Journal of Sociology of Education
- 32. British Journal of Guidance and Counselling
- 33. Career and Technical Education Research
- 34. Center for Educational Policy Studies Journal
- 35. Chemistry Education Research and Practice
- 36. Compare: A Journal of Comparative and International Education
- 37. Child Development Journal
- 38. Developmental Science
- 39. Decision Science: Journal of Innovative Education
- 40. Educational Management Administration & Leadership
- 41. Educational Policy Analysis and Strategic Research
- 42. Educational Policy Analysis and Strategic Research
- 43. Educational Science: Theory and Practice
- 44. Electronic Journal of Science Education
- 45. Education development Journal
- 46. Educational Researcher Journal
- 47. Education Finance and Policy Journal
- 48. Field Methods
- 49. Frontiers: The Interdisciplinary Journal of Study Abroad
- 50. Gender and Education
- 51. Globalization, Societies and Education
- 52. Higher Education Politics & Economics
- 53. Higher Education Research and Development
- 54. Higher Education: The International Journal of Higher Education Research
- 55. International Journal of Instruction
- 56. International Journal of Research & Method in Education
- 57. International Journal of Research in Education and Science
- 58. International journal of multicultural education
- 59. International Journal of Language Education
- 60. International Journal of Instruction.
- 61. International Journal of Educational Development
- 62. International Journal of adolescence and youth

- 63. Internet and Higher Education Journal
- 64. Journal of Behavioural Education
- 65. Journal of experimental psychology
- 66. International Journal of Instruction
- 67. Journal of Education and Learning
- 68. Journal of International and Comparative Education
- 69. Journal of Engineering Education
- 70. Journal of Agriculture
- 71. Journal of AERA Open
- 72. Journal of Higher education pedagogies
- 73. Journal of Open review of education research
- 74. Journal of Issues and Practice in Education (JIPE)
- 75. Journal of Review of Educational research
- 76. Journal of Education Evaluation and Policy Analysis
- 77. Journal of Educational Psychology
- 78. Journal of Classroom Interaction
- 79. Journal of Cognition and Development
- 80. Journal of Language and Linguistic Studies
- 81. Journal of Teaching in Physical Education
- 82. Journal of Sociology of Education
- 83. Malaysian Journal of Learning and Instruction
- 84. Mediterranean Journal of Social sciences
- 85. New Zealand Journal of Teachers work
- 86. New Zealand Journal of Educational Studies
- 87. Oxford Review of Education
- 88. Open Journal for Educational Research
- 89. Practice and Theory in Systems of Education
- 90. Philosophical Inquiry in Education
- 91. Quality Assurance in Education: An International Perspective
- 92. Research in Education
- 93. Research and Practice in Assessment
- 94. Reading & Writing: Journal of the Reading Association of South Africa
- 95. Research and Teaching in Developmental Education
- 96. Review of Education, Pedagogy & Cultural Studies
- 97. Review of International Geographical Education Online
- 98. South African Journal of Higher Education
- 99. Studies in Continuing Education
- 100. Studies in Science Education
- 101. Studies in Philosophy and Education
- 102. Strategies: A Journal for Physical and Sports Education
- 103. Teacher Development
- 104. Teacher Education and Special Education
- 105. Teaching Statistics: An International Journal for Teachers
- 106. Technology, Pedagogy and Education
- 107. Turkish Online Journal of Educational Technology (TOJET)
- 108. Theory and Research in Social Education

- 109. Urban Review: Issues and Ideas in Public Education
- 110. Victorian Journal of Music Education
- 111. Values and Ethics in Educational Administration
- 112. World Journal on Educational Technology: Current Issues
- 113. World Journal of Education
- 114. ZDM: The International Journal on Mathematics Education

PREDATORY JOURNALS AS PER COLLEGE/DEPARTMENT

S/N	COLLEGE/DEPARTMENT	PREDATORY JOURNALS	ACTION TAKEN
1.	Architecture and Arts Design	International Journal of Engineering Research & Technology.	Omitted
2.	Civil Engineering	 International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology. International Journal of Engineering Research. 	Omitted
3.	Electrical and Power Engineering	 International Refereed Journal of Engineering and Science (IRJES). International Journal of Innovative Research in Advanced Engineering (IJIRAE). 3. International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET). International Journal of Science and Research. International Journal of Scientific and Research Publications. International Journal of Engineering Trends and Technology. International Journal of Advanced Research in Electrical, Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering. International Journal of Scientific Research Publications. International Journal of Engineering Research and Technology. International Journal of Engineering Research and Technology. International Journal of Emerging Technology and Advanced Engineering. 	Omitted
4.	Geosciences and Mining Technology	None	-

5.	Mechanical and Industrial Engineering	1.	Internal Journal of Renewable Energy Research (IJRER).	Omitted
6.	Humanities and Business Management	1. 2.	Journal of Economics, Business and Management. International Journal of Research in Business Studies and Management.	Omitted
7.	Information, Communication and Technology	 3. 4. 5. 7. 	International Journal of Computer Science and Network Security. International Journal of Information Technology and Computer Science. International Journal of Electronics and Telecommunications. International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer Science and Software Engineering. International Journal of Research in Advanced Engineering and Technology. International Journal of Scientific and Research Publications.	Omitted
8.	Science and Technical Education	1. 2. 3.	Asian Journal of Chemistry. Journal of Natural Products. Journal of Education and Social Sciences.	